

Model Question of SSC Examination 2021 for All Board

Chemistry

Subject Code 137

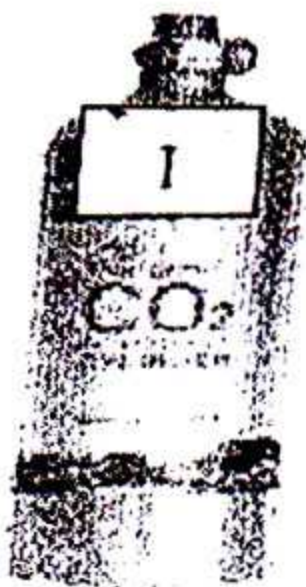
Time — 2 hours 35 minutes

Creative Essay Type Questions

Full marks — 50

[N.B. -The figures in the right margin indicate full marks. Read the stems attentively and answer any five of the following questions.]

1. ►



- a. What is rust? 1
- b. Explain the change of burning of candle? 2
- c. If the caps are opened of the stem cylinder then which gas spread out faster, explain? 3
- d. How will you obtain (I) gas from (II) and (II) from (I), explain. 4
2. ★ X, Y and Z are three elements of the periodic table which atomic number are 1, 6 and 8.
- a. What is boiling point? 1

- b. Explain what is lone pair and bond pair electron. 2
- c. Explain the bond formation process between Y and Z element. 3
- d. Compound of X, Z and Y, Z which boiling point is high and why, explain? 4

3. ★

Element	Atomic number
A	14
B	17
E	19

- a. What is modern periodic law? 1
- b. Explain that oxidation number and valence are not same. 2
- c. Why 3rd is vacant in electronic configuration of E element of the stem? 3
- d. If compound of AB_4 and EB mixed water what will happen, explain? 4
4. ► In compound R, C = 85.71% and H = 14.29%
- a. What is soap? 1
- b. Explain the beaching action of bleaching powder. 2
- c. Determine the molecular formula of R of the stem. 3

d. Is it possible to prepare fatty acid from R compound, explain? 4

5. ► i. $N_2 + H_2 \rightleftharpoons 2NH_3$; $\Delta H = -92.2\text{kJ/mol}$

ii. $H_2S + Cl_2 = 2HCl + S$

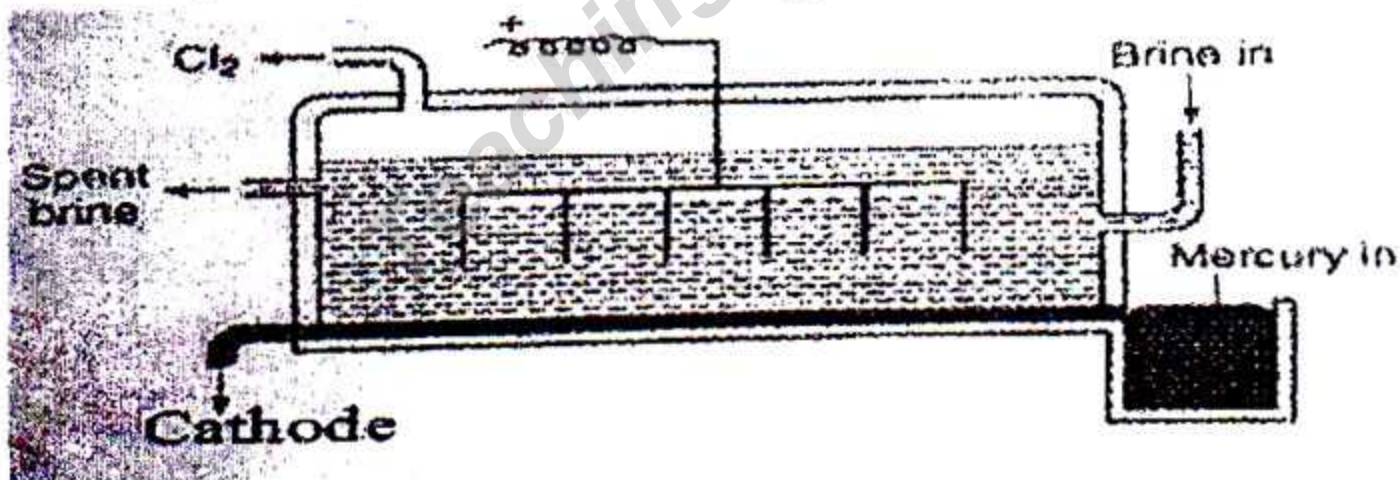
a. What is pH? 1

b. Explain between alkane and alkene which is more reactive? 2

c. Explain the effect of temperature in (i) reaction. 3

d. Explain with logic reactions (i) & (ii) represent how many types of reactions? 4

6. ► To produce NaOH following cell is used.



a. What is glass cleaner? 1

b. Explain that metal extraction is a reduction process. 2

c. Mention the reactions that happen in above cell. 3

d. Explain the role of the compound that obtains in above cell to identify metal ion. 4

7. ► We used different types of battery like— i) Dry cell ii) Mercury cell iii) Lead storage battery iv) Lithium battery etc.

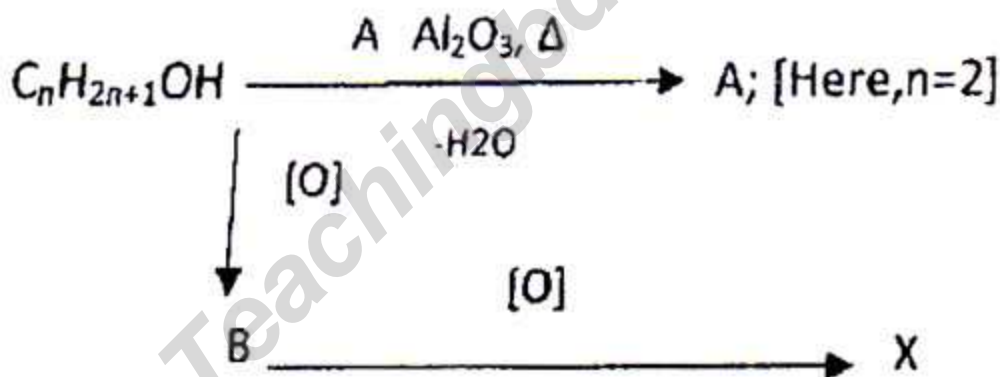
a. What is salt bridge? 1

b. Explain recycling metal. 2

c. Explain how electron is transferred in (i) cell? 3

d. Explain the effect of battery on health and environment.

8. ★



a. What is oleum? 1

b. Why soap is corrode in hard water? 2

c. How will you proof A is saturated or unsaturated, explain? 3

d. How aqueous solution of X preserve food, explain. 4

Time — 25 minutes

Creative Multiple Choice Questions

[NB. Answer all the questions. Each question carries one mark. Block fully, with a ball point pen, the circle of the letter that stands for the correct/best answer in the "Answer Sheet" for the Multiple Choice Questions Examination.]

1. **★** Which one is inorganic compound?

- (a) Water (b) Starch
(c) Protein (d) fat

2. Diffusion rate depends on—

- i. temperature
ii. molecular mass
iii. state of the substance

Which one is correct?

- (a) i (b) ii
(c) i, i & iii (d) i & ii

3. **★** Which isotope is used in pacemaker?

- (a) ^{89}Sr (b) ^{238}Pu
(c) ^{99}Tc (d) ^{125}Pd

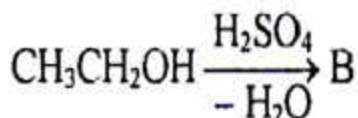
4. What is the number of electron in the just before of last shell of Cr atom?

- (a) 13 (b) 12
(c) 11 (d) 14

5. What is the first element of actinide series?

- (a) Cerium (b) Actinium
(c) Thorium (d) Lanthanum

See the reaction and Answer next two questions—



6. B compound reacted with dilute solution of potassium permanganate to—

- i. produce glycol compound
ii. indicate double bond in that compound

iii. disappear the colour of aqueous solution of Bromine

Which one is correct?

- (a) i & ii (b) ii & iii
(c) i (d) i, ii & iii

7. **★** B compound may be used to prepare

- i. ethane ii. polythene
iii. ethene

Which one is correct?

- (a) i & ii (b) ii & iii
(c) i, ii & iii (d) ii

8. Which one is called thermoplastic polymer?

- (a) PVC (b) Bakelite
(c) Fibre glass (d) Epoxy glue

9. Which type of reaction is occurred in anode of electrochemical cell?

- (a) Reduction
(b) Precipitation
(c) Oxidation
(d) Addition

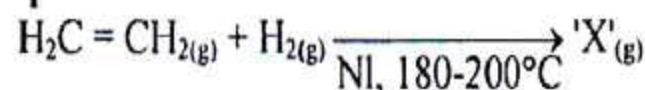
10. What is the formula of Magnetite?

- (a) Fe_3O_4 (b) FeO
(c) Fe_2O_3 (d) $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$

11. **★** In duralumin, percent composition of Cu is—

- (a) 1% (b) 4%
(c) 35% (d) 65%

Read the stem and answer next two questions.



12. What is 'Y'?
- (a) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ (b) CH_3COOH
 (c) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$ (d) HCHO
13. What is the percent of Carbon in 'Y'?
- (a) 12% (b) 20%
 (c) 28% (d) 40%
14. How many atoms are present in 1g of water?
- (a) 3.346×10^{22} (b) 6.023×10^{23}
 (c) 1.004×10^{23} (d) 5.02×10^{22}
15. What is the order of reactivity of halogen?
- (a) $\text{F}_2 > \text{Cl}_2 > \text{I}_2 > \text{Br}_2$ (b) $\text{F}_2 > \text{Cl}_2 > \text{Br}_2 > \text{I}_2$
 (c) $\text{Cl}_2 > \text{F}_2 > \text{Br}_2 > \text{I}_2$ (d) $\text{I}_2 > \text{Br}_2 > \text{Cl}_2 > \text{F}_2$
16. ★ $\text{A}_{2(g)} + \text{B}_{2(g)} \longrightarrow 2\text{AB}_{(g)}$; bond energies of A-A, B-B and A-B are X, Y and Z respectively.
 What is the ΔH of the reaction?
- (a) $2Z - X - Y$ (b) $2Z + X + Y$
 (c) $2Z - X + Y$ (d) $X + Y - 2Z$
17. What is the colour of CuSO_4 crystal?
- (a) Blue (b) White
 (c) Green (d) Violet
18. $\text{Fe}^{3+} + \text{Sn}^{2+} \longrightarrow \text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{Sn}^{4+}$; which group act as a reducing agent?
- (a) $\text{Fe}^{3+}, \text{Sn}^{4+}$ (b) $\text{Sn}^{2+}, \text{Fe}^{2+}$
 (c) $\text{Fe}^{2+}, \text{Sn}^{4+}$ (d) $\text{Sn}^{4+}, \text{Sn}^{2+}$
19. Urea in soil is dissociated in presence of which enzyme?
- (a) Uric acid (b) Ureage
 (c) Urotropine (d) Uramide
20. If calcium carbide is heated with water which gas would be produced?
- (a) Ethene (b) Acetylene
 (c) Methane (d) Propylene
21. Does which part of a soap clean grease dirt?
- (a) Na^+ (b) RCOO^-
 (c) R (d) OH^-
22. ★ The role of Carbonic acid in cold drink is —
- to accelerate the digestion process
 - to produce the bubbles of gas at low pressure
 - to give the sweet test of drinks
- Which one is correct?
- (a) i (b) ii
 (c) i & ii (d) i, ii & iii
23. Which is the monomer of nylon?
- (a) Di carboxylic acid
 (b) Vinyl chloride
 (c) Propene
 (d) Vinyl chloride
24. What is the melting point of Butane?
- (a) -129°C (b) -189°C
 (c) -138°C (d) -183°C
25. Which range of pH of water is tolerable for our body?
- (a) 4.5 – 9.5 (b) 6.5 – 10.5
 (c) 3.5 – 7.5 (d) 7.5 – 11.5

Ans.

1	(a)	2	(c)	3	(b)	4	(a)	5	(b)	6	(d)	7	(a)	8	(a)	9	(b)	10	(a)	11	(b)	12	(b)	13	(d)
14	(a)	15	(a)	16	(d)	17	(a)	18	(b)	19	(b)	20	(b)	21	(a)	22	(d)	23	(a)	24	(c)	25	(a)		